## [8.1] Convert integers to strings without extra characters

When building strings to evaluate with expr(), you may need to insert integer strings in the string. For example, suppose you want to build the string "y $\{n\}$ (x)", where  $\{n\}$  is an integer that is determined while the program is running. This won't always work:

```
"y"&string(n)&"(x)"
```

If the current mode is Exact/Approx mode is Exact, this works as expected. However, if the mode is Approx, and the user has set the Exponential Format mode to Engineering or Scientific, you'll get this:

```
string(1) results in "1.E0"
```

which causes problems if replaced in the example string above. Instead of using string(n), use

```
string(exact(n))
```

which will return just the integer, without decimal points, trailing zeroes, or the 'E' symbol, regardless of the mode settings.